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Whisper for L2 scoring from segmental to suprasegmental features

Grenoble, 11 April 2025 LIDILEM / Maison des Langues

Joint research with Maelle Amand, Taylor Arnold, Maelle Bourbon, Léa Burin, Tori Fullerton, Adrien Méli, Behnoosh Namdarzadeh, Sara Ng, Erin Pacquetet, Chloé Scholent, Guillaume Wisniewski, Richard Wright & Jean-Baptiste Yunès (also made possible through a CNRS deputation at LLF)

Outline of the Presentation

- Quick introduction to Whisper
- Main Results for the investigation of segmental features with Whisper (IJSNLP2023, IJST 2024, NLP4CALL2024) : global scoring
- Segmental analysis : A roadmap (Janus WP2.1) for subtoken level scoring and potentially mispronunciation detection and diagnosis module
- Suprasegmental analysis (Janus WP2.2-4)

Lexical stress: the reanalysis hypothesis?

- Intonation : the 3 Ts and fine-tuning strategies
- Next Plans (Method : reverse engineering)
- Discussion

Whisper training (Radford 2023)

Multitask training data (680k hours)

English transcription

- 🗣️ "Ask not what your country can do for ..."
- 📄 Ask not what your country can do for ...

Any-to-English speech translation

- 🗣️ "El rápido zorro marrón salta sobre ..."
- 📄 The quick brown fox jumps over ...

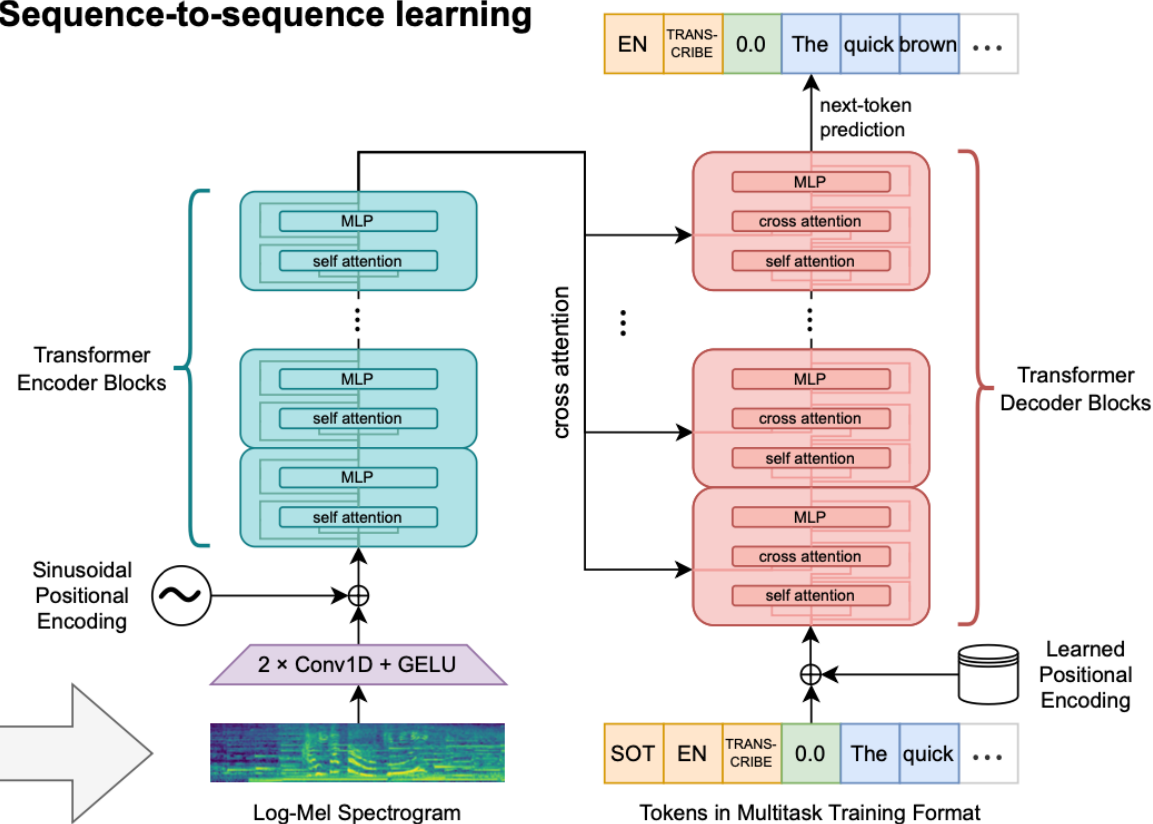
Non-English transcription

- 🗣️ "언덕 위에 올라 내려다보면 너무나 넓고 넓은 ..."
- 📄 언덕 위에 올라 내려다보면 너무나 넓고 넓은 ...

No speech

- 🔊 (background music playing)
- 📄 ∅

Sequence-to-sequence learning



Main parameters of the Whisper models (Radford 2022 + Whisper github)

Size	Parameters	Required VRAM	Relative speed
tiny	39 M	1 GB	32x
base	74 M	1 GB	16x
small	244 M	2 GB	6x
medium	769 M	5 GB	2x
large	1550 M	10 GB	1x
large-v2	1550 M	10? GB	1?x

Table 1: Whisper models tested for this experiment

<https://huggingface.co/models?search=openai/whisper>

The large-v3 model is trained on 1 million hours of weakly labeled audio and 4 million hours of pseudo-labeled audio collected using large-v2.

<https://github.com/openai/whisper/discussions/1762>

Initial intuition working on translation and transcription : Interlanguage Retranscription & Named Entity Recognition (NER) Issues

Chomsky

- expected model /'tʃɒmski/ French realisation [ʃɒmski] for <Chomsky>
- Different interpretations of different models:
- *Je me ski* (tiny)
- *J'aime ce qui* (base)
- *James Key* (medium)
- *Jomski* (large)
- *Jamsky* (small/large-v2)

Plausible uses of Whisper for segmental analysis

- Language detection feature for A1 identification (work in progress for A2)
 - average subtoken probability score for level/CEFR correlates
 - Levenshtein distance as robust measure / correlate to levels
 - Tiny/ tiny.en more sensitive to learner variation
-
- To be more systematically tested for spontaneous speech : Delta between tiny.en (sensitivity to distortion) and medium for « reference » transcription
- > Papers on global scoring

Analysing confidence scores with C++ implementation of Whisper (Gerganov 2022)

But if he had answered he remembered nothing of it.
He was, however, conscious of being made uncomfortable by the clammy heat.
He came out on the bridge and found no relief to his oppression.
The air seemed thick, he gazed like a fish and began to believe himself
greatly out of the source. The nanshen was plowing, a vanishing furrow upon the circle
of the sea that had the surface in the shimmer of an undulating piece of grey silk.
The sun peeled him without rays, poured down lead and heat in his strangely
indecisive flights in his China men were lying prostrate about the dex.
Captain Macwer noticed two of them especially stretched out on the bat below the bridge.
As soon as they had closed their eyes, they seemed dead.
Three others, however, were crawling, burrowing, burrowing, burrowing, burrowing,
away forward. And one big fellow, health naked, with her Qulian shoulders,

Herculean

Probing Whisper scores with C++ implementation

```
[_BEG_] 0.977773 0 0
mais 0.429366 0 24
je 0.988376 24 36
rev 0.997742 36 54
iens 0.995006 54 78
sur 0.992805 78 95
ce 0.821359 95 108
problème 0.991321 110 164
qui 0.69173 164 180
est 0.973068 180 196
un 0.979191 196 207
problème 0.966143 213 284
, 0.368668 284 284
[_TT_142] 0.0282332 284 284
voilà 0.786231 284 319
, 0.610747 319 330
d 0.965854 330 336
' 0.999668 336 339
être 0.999371 346 370
chez 0.997543 374 394
moi 0.993733 394 415
, 0.576415 416 416
combien 0.698848 424 444
```

Reverse engineering : the meaning of Whisper's special subtokens

- 50,255 linguistic subtokens, corresponding to English words or fragments for French or graphemes for languages like Persian;
- special tokens, some of them corresponding to boundaries of the Transformer: the end of text and end of sentence subtokens 50257 `[_EOT_]` and 50258 `[_SOT_]`;
- 100 extra-tokens labelled `[_extra_token_50259]` to `[_extra_token_50359]`;
- 7 special tokens are also acknowledged in the literature such as 50360 `[_SOLM_]`, 50361 `[_PREV_]`, 50362 `[_NOSP_]`, 50363 `[_NOT_]` and 50364 `[_BEG_]`. `[_BEG_]` corresponds to the beginning of the 30 second window when the sound file is processed by Whisper;
- 1,500 out-of-vocabulary OOV subtokens from `[_TT_1]` to `[_TT_1500]`. they correspond to temporal subtokens

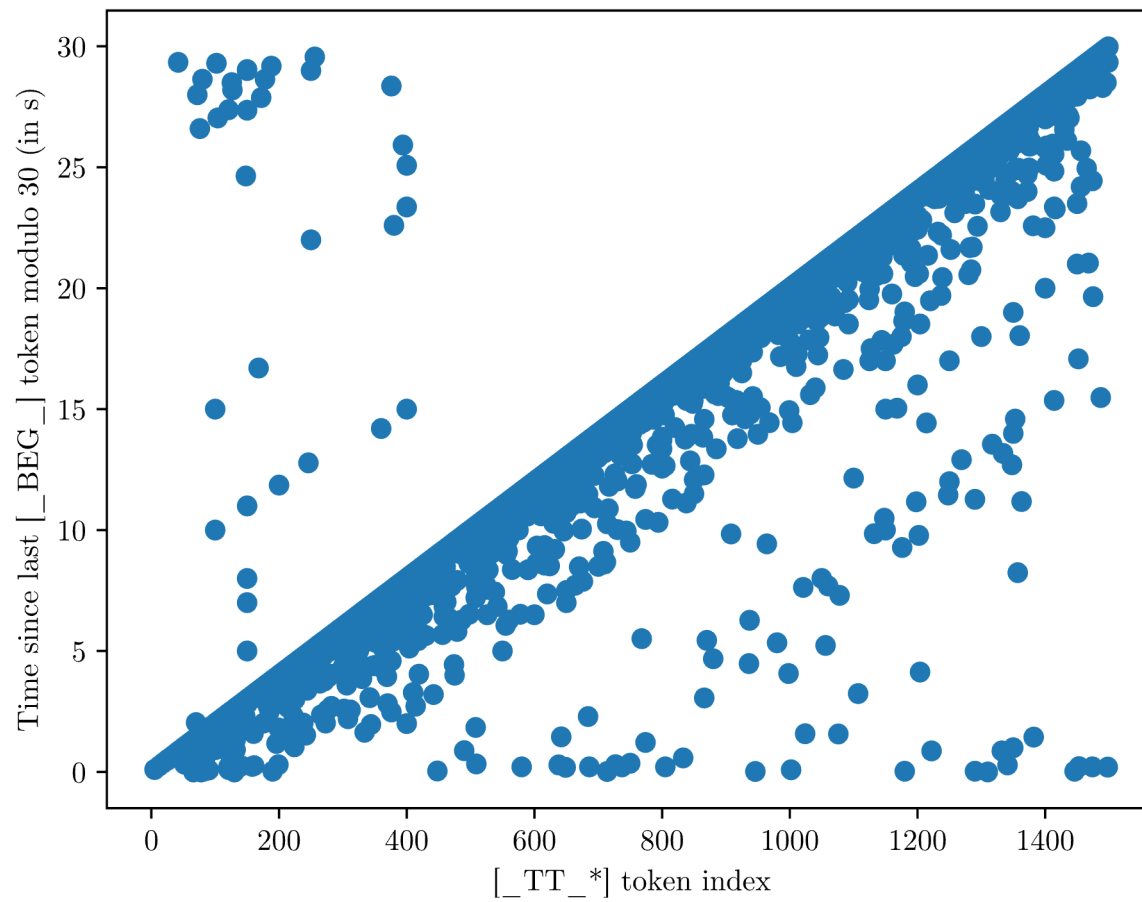


Figure 4: Token indices vs modulated time

MAIN RESULTS (3 papers in one slide)

corpora

- ANGLISH levels predicted
- ISLE levels predicted

tasks

- Language identification task (probability of identification English / L1)
- Mean scores for transcription task
- Metrics : Levensthein distance to expected transcription

Scoring the ANGLISH corpus

Table 5 Means and standard error per level in the ANGLISH data

Group	Mu	SE
FR1	0.87	0.01
FR2	0.89	0.01
GB	0.94	0.00

Scoring the ANGLISH corpus

Table 6 Confusion matrix of the prediction of levels with the algorithm k-means with $k = 3$ based on linguistic subtokens

Pred	Group		
	FR1	FR2	GB
FR1	13	6	2
FR2	5	11	0
GB	2	3	18

« affordance » : ability to capture
(mis)realisations locally at the subtoken level

1.Je me ski: ʒ(ə)m(ə)ski

2.J'aime ce qui: ʒɛms(ə)ki

3.James Key: ʒɛmski

[ʒɔmski] 4.Jomski: ʒɔmski

5.Jamsky: ʒamski

Holistic probability scores vs. Detailed scores for subtokens

-Different phonetic-subtoken mappings for different models

Graphematic affordance: what's in the graphemic representation ('holes' in the Whisper dictionary / net)?

- JANUS WP 2.1
- (pilot) phonological neighbour density

Phonological neighbourhood density (WiP)

9	509	You	33	cou, You, pou, yo, you, vou, sou, Lou, Yo, Dou, lou, bou, Hou, yol, yog, rou, Yok, gou, Vou, YOUR, Cou, Rou, Nou, Tou, Sou, fou,
10	510	here	38	were, where, her, There, Her, hero, phere, here, hers, mere, bere, Where, Hero, there, dere, vere, hele, Bere, Here, gere, Herz, ere, Hee,
11	511	her	61	ber, per, fer, ther, he, her, ier, mer, der, er, ner, ger, wer, ER, hr, cer, Her, Er, zer, He, uer, TER, ker, har, here, cher, Hey, yer, hern, hes, jer, hee, ER,
12	512	some	14	somet, come, same, home, esome, som, Somet, Home, Some, dome, sme, somm, Sole, COME
13	513	oug	25	ong, ous, ough, og, ug, oup, oun, oud, oul, org, OU, oung, Our, OUT, Out, Ug, OUR, zug, oux, ogg, oue, jug, bug, OG, OUL
14	514	ak	75	ah, ck, ag, ap, K, ake, ank, alk, av, ark, ek, az, ik, ai, au, aw, AN, aj, AS, AL, ask, AY, aa, AC, AP, sk, AA, aks, akt, AD, aki, An, aka, ae, mak, AB, al
15	515	ard	52	are, ars, ord, ark, ary, ward, arn, ird, ared, ari, aud, ald, arm, And, AD, arp, arl, erd, rd, ARR, AND, Are, ORD, yard, ART, Aud, Ad, aru, uard, aid, ha
16	516	going	5	doing, going, Doing, goin, Gong
17	517	un	94	us, U, und, In, fun, um, An, run, On, unt, oun, US, sun, Um, gun, unf, UN, Uh, ur, tun, pun, Us, AN, Up, Sun, unc, bun, IN, UK, hu
18	518	ment	20	ent, ments, ient, ement, rent, men, ment, Ent, mente, met, gent, zent, nent, mont, Men, Ment, Ent, meno, mens, sent
19	519	think	8	thing, Thank, thank, thick, thin, thinks, think, Thing
20	520	pe	98	te, fe, pr, ye, He, pre, per, po, spe, ke, Ye, Be, ph, Se, ope, ve, Re, De, Le, je, ge, pie, Ne, ce, pa, Per, Ke, ple, Pa, pen, Spe, Fe
21	521	end	41	ond, ens, end, und, iend, ene, eng, enn, endo, ena, rend, ED, eed, And, ened, ende, eno, eld, End, enda, erd, AND, ND, UND, ENN, eni, En, pen
22	522	(61	J, ë, [, 2, K, U, â, Ã, V, z, ê, i, 3, x, ', Ñ, 4, 5, Î, í, Z, Q, Ø, 6, Ù, 7, 8, 9, X, Â, \$, *, ?, ,, #, &,], Å, +, =, -(,), %, Ö, ((, (" , ,
23	523	cause	4	cause, lause, ause, caust
24	524	tim	56	time, im, him, sim, tem, tit, Sim, tip, Im, dim, Tom, Kim, Him, aim, Time, Jim, tie, tam, Tem, tym, til, Tam, ti, tir, Tit, Tik, tin, rim, L
25	525	ast	54	ost, act, ass, ase, St, ait, ash, aut, att, AS, alt, cast, ask, rast, St, asc, ST, ast, asy, akt, ST, fast, agt, asi, EST, adt, asm, ART, last, amt, At, Ass, U

WiP : « phonetic » neighbours in alternative predictions

[_BEG_]	0.947713	0	0	[_TT_12]	0.00670132	0	0	[_TT_11]	0.00531413
Obs	0.43384	6	7	observing	0.281372	6	7	"	0.114933
erving	0.995759	31	78	er	0.00194947	31	78	erve	0.000467226
the	0.990482	78	104	The	0.00234761	78	104	a	0.00119722
steady	0.944887	104	153	study	0.0333635	104	153	Stead	0.00799184
fall	0.961571	168	191	Fall	0.00802978	168	191	fall	0.00721409
of	0.993961	191	199	the	0.00107607	191	199	in	0.000427133
the	0.969816	209	234	Bar	0.00718367	209	234	bar	0.00361852
bar	0.426446	234	260	Bar	0.33805	234	260	b	0.0446175
ometer	0.937619	260	307	omet	0.0159721	260	307	o	0.0136897
,	0.871901	323	323	Captain	0.0520907	323	323	kept	0.00540585
Captain	0.867363	363	379	captain	0.0336688	363	379	Cap	0.00512762
Mack	0.321873	392	410	Mac	0.179011	392	410	Mag	0.0842532
worth	0.510859	410	446	wer	0.105311	410	446	were	0.0928428
thought	0.727912	446	496	fought	0.212631	446	496	followed	0.00587244
,	0.526715	501	502	there	0.308247	501	502	"	0.028238
there	0.580201	553	553	"	0.135482	553	553	[_TT_250]	0.013906

Phonetic sensitivity : subtoken transcription robustness

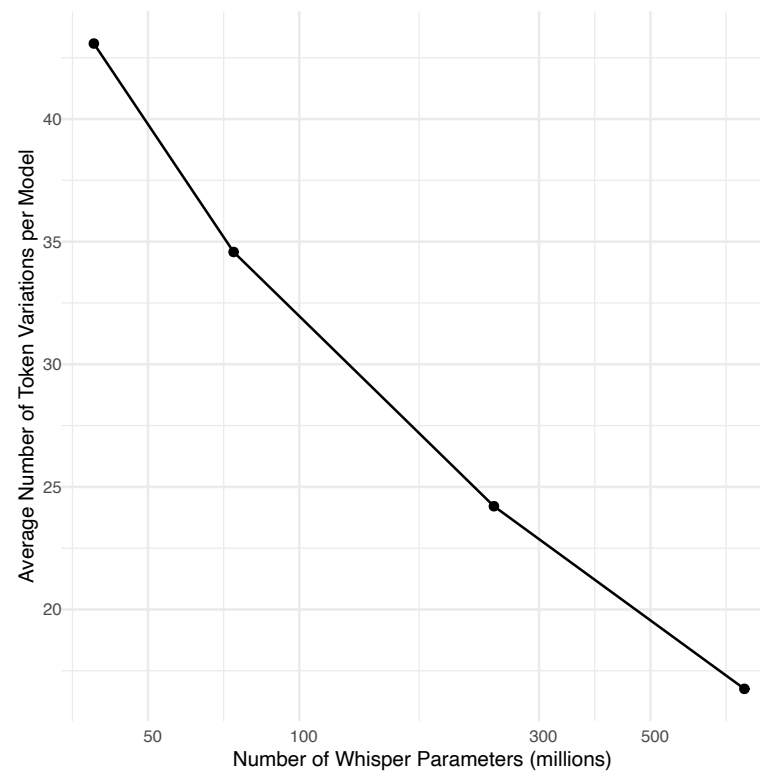
- Pilot study : VOT (Ballier & Fullerton, 2024, Fullerton & Ballier, to be resubmitted)
- Calibration studies on the signal-to-subtoken mapping : investigating the paradigm: multilingual vs. Native model sensitivity (retranscriptions of the same .wav input)

Using probability as a proxy (work in Progress: Maelle Bourbon & colleagues)

Model sensitivity (Fullerton, in progress)

model	avg_correct	avg_prob	n
<chr>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<int>
small	0.389	0.123	36
medium	0.371	0.314	35
medium.en	0.361	0.196	36
tiny	0.361	0.271	36
tiny.en	0.143	0.0693	35
large-v2	0.139	0.282	36
small.en	0.139	0.453	36
base	0.0833	0.254	36
base.en	0.0556	0.398	36
large	0.0556	0.311	36
large-v1	0.0556	0.311	36
large-v3	0.0294	0.0973	34

Role of Size in models for sensitivity? (character error rate)



INCLSP2023

Model calibration

(Ballier et al. 2024)

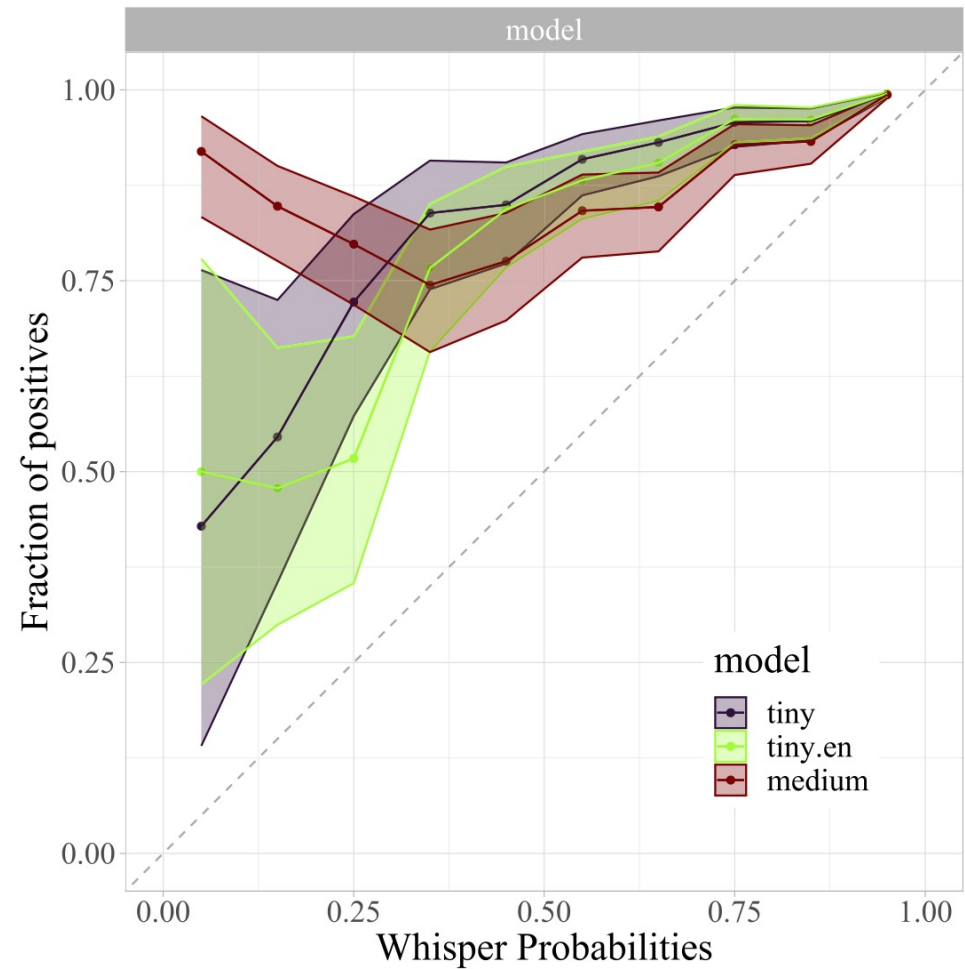


Fig. 4 Calibration curve for three Whisper models for the transcription of the learner #003 from the ISLE corpus

Disc: Speech tokenisers and the issue of discretisation of speech / descriptors

- « criterial feature » (Hawkins & Buttery, 2010) ??
- Discrete phenomenon for CEFR boundaries ?
- Continuous scales for CEFR « descriptors » ??
- RQ1: prosodic domains as criterial features?
- RQ2 Matching speech (sub)tokens with criterial feature?

MDD, LLMs and error typologies (after Ballier& Martin 2015)

Domain	Pronunciation (segments)		Prosody (suprasegments)			
	Consonants	Vowels	Syllables	Stress	Rhythm	Intonation (tonality, tone, tonicity)
Acoustic correlates	Formants	Formants	Not so clear for all syllabic transitions	Duration, fundamental frequency (F0), intensity	Duration, stress	Duration, F0, pauses and phrasing
Learner realisations and candidates for criterial features	Final devoicing, consonant cluster reduction	Phone substitutions, phonetic transfers	Resyllabifications; templatic transfers	Stressed syllable misplacement	Syllable-timing; stress-timing	Prosodic transfers; non-syntactic phrasing; focus displacement, tone substitution
Annotation layer in learner corpora	Phone tier (<i>ANGLISH</i> , <i>LeaP</i> , Tortel 2009)	Phone tier (Méli 2013)	Syllable tier (<i>ANGLISH</i> , Tortel 2009)	Accent tier (Chen <i>et al.</i> 2008)	Intervocalic interval tier (<i>ANGLISH</i> , <i>LeaP</i>)	Prosodic (ToBI) annotation (<i>LeaP</i>)

<-

(RHYTHM) : capturing fluency with Whisper?

- We need filled pause transcriptions for PHON* tasks ()
- Subtokens for *heu / erm / ahem*
- The interlanguage of filled pauses (Chlébowski& Ballier 2022)

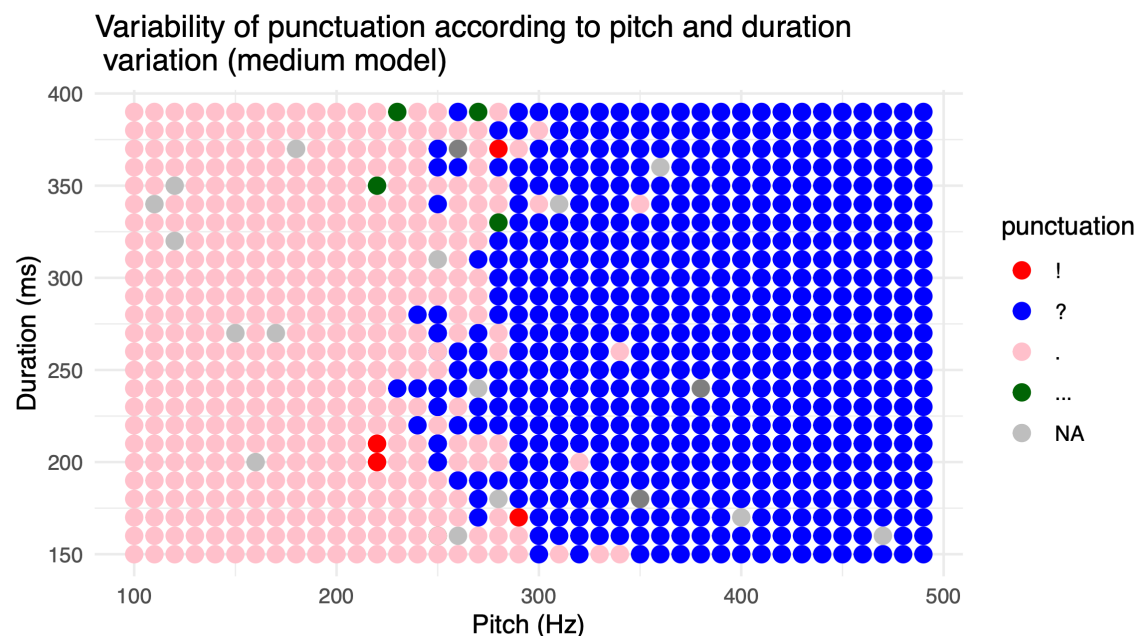
Capturing the 3Ts with Whisper?

1. **TONE**
2. **TONICITY**
3. **TONALITY**

TONE: retraining Whisper with Momet

INTSINT

*Indirect performance
punctuation*



Janus WP 2.3

Figure 3: Whisper Response (medium model) for English data as a function of duration (ms) and pitch (Hz)

<https://openreview.net/pdf?id=gCOm8dwzeg>

PEASYV pipeline (Ballier & Méli, 2023)

0.828118 (1.208 / s)														
≡ modifiable TextGrid														
1	you improve your pronunciation skills												Transcription (971)	
2	228.70741240085582 192.25928325337856 215.14099433932682												Momel (3898)	
3	H D H												INSINT (3898)	
4	you improve your pronunciation skills												Tokens (438)	
5	5												Occ-Tokens (438)	
6	2.151												Dur-Tokens (438)	
7	j-u i-m-p-r -v {j-O:-r -U-r {p-r -n-V-n-s-i:-eI-S-@-n} p-r U-n-V-n-s-i:-eI-S-@-n} s-k-I-l-z												Dur-Tokens (438)	
8	p	r\	@	n	V	n	s	i:	eI	S	@	n	s	PhonAlign (10182)
9	pronunciation												TokensAlign (2977)	
0	p-r -n-V-n-s-i:-eI-S-@-n = 0.621												PronTokAlign (2977)	
1	P	R	A	N	A	N	S	IY0	EY1	SH	A	N		P2F segments (11253)
2	PRONUNCIATION												P2F words (35/3721)	
3	pr@/2nVns/i/1eIS/@n												SPPAS LPD w (2977)	
4	pr\@		nVns				i:		eIS		@n		s	SPPAS syllable (4606)
5	pr@		2nVns				i		1eIS		@n		s	SPPAS LPD s (4606)

PEASYV OUTPUTS

- .PDF diagnostic files
- .CSV Datasets
- INTSINT labels : "[code] the intonation of an utterance by means of an alphabet of 8 discrete symbols constituting a surface phonological representation of the intonation: T (Top), M (mid), B (bottom), H (Higher), L (Lower), S (Same), U (Upstepped), D (Downstepped)" [Hirst 2006].

Fine-tuning for Tones : learning INTSINT

- Learning INSTINT labels with special subtokens
- Pbm : time-stamped (point tier) -> associated to syllables / next subtoken

TONICITY

- testing Whisper sensitivity to shifting tonicity with translations tasks of shifting tonicity : *HE did it. He did it.*
- Partial test with compounds vs. Phrases (*greenhouse* vs. *Green house*)
- The reanalysis hypothesis (Ballier et al, 2024 *IJST*) : correlation of misplaced stresses and alternative respelling?
- To be discussed / tested : retrain Whisper with capitals for stressed syllables? / AIML tags for prominence???

To be tested : the reanalysis hypothesis

herculean	medium_en	her curling	1
herculean	medium_en	hickory	1
herculean	medium	Herculean	1
herculean	medium	a Cullian	1
herculean	medium	aculure on	1
herculean	medium	arcane	1
herculean	medium	arculean	1
herculean	medium	curly	1
herculean	medium	her Acheulean	1
herculean	medium	her clean	3
herculean	medium	her curly on	1
herculean	medium	her killian	1
herculean	medium	heroclone	1

Frequency constraints :

Is reanalysis more frequent for free (vs. bound) tokens?

- Distribution of polysyllables for the CONRAD dataset (*IJST*)

Free subtokens: Maximum free tokens length:
13 Average free tokens length: 4.35

- 5 characters: *dirty, about*
- 6 characters: *steady, simple, belief, wisdom, county*
- 7 characters: *Captain, thought, weather*
- 8 characters: *knocking, implying, moderate, informed, circular*
- 9 characters: *precisely, authority, questions, conscious, vanishing*
- 10 characters: *experience, moderately, discomfort, atmosphere,*
- 11 characters: *disturbance, information, necessarily*
- 12 characters: *accomplished, catastrophic*
- 13 characters: *comprehension, uncomfortable*

Sample bound tokens for each length:

- 1 character: *,, r, ,, ., .*
- 2 characters: *Wh, ir, 's, .", ac*
- 3 characters: *Obs, âĖK, lys,*
- 4 characters: *aman, ated, ones, oons*
- 5 characters: *isive, lling, ously, oping*
- 6 characters: *erving, ometer*
- 7 characters: *putable, ulating*

TONALITY (Chunking)

- To be tested : TT special tokens for time stamps in the ENGLISH corpus
- Partial proxy : punctuation signs
- Big issues with Whisper « segments »

Fine-tuning with the Aix-Marsec corpus : minor | vs. Major || boundaries (Arnold & Ballier, 2019 [hal-04012540](#))

TONALITY

- Can we use the Whisper time stamps as a correlate for tonality?

[TT_] as a phonetic boundary ??

, and . as phonological boundary ??

- Is a weak probability associated to [TT_] the signal that the chunking is a bit unfortunate?

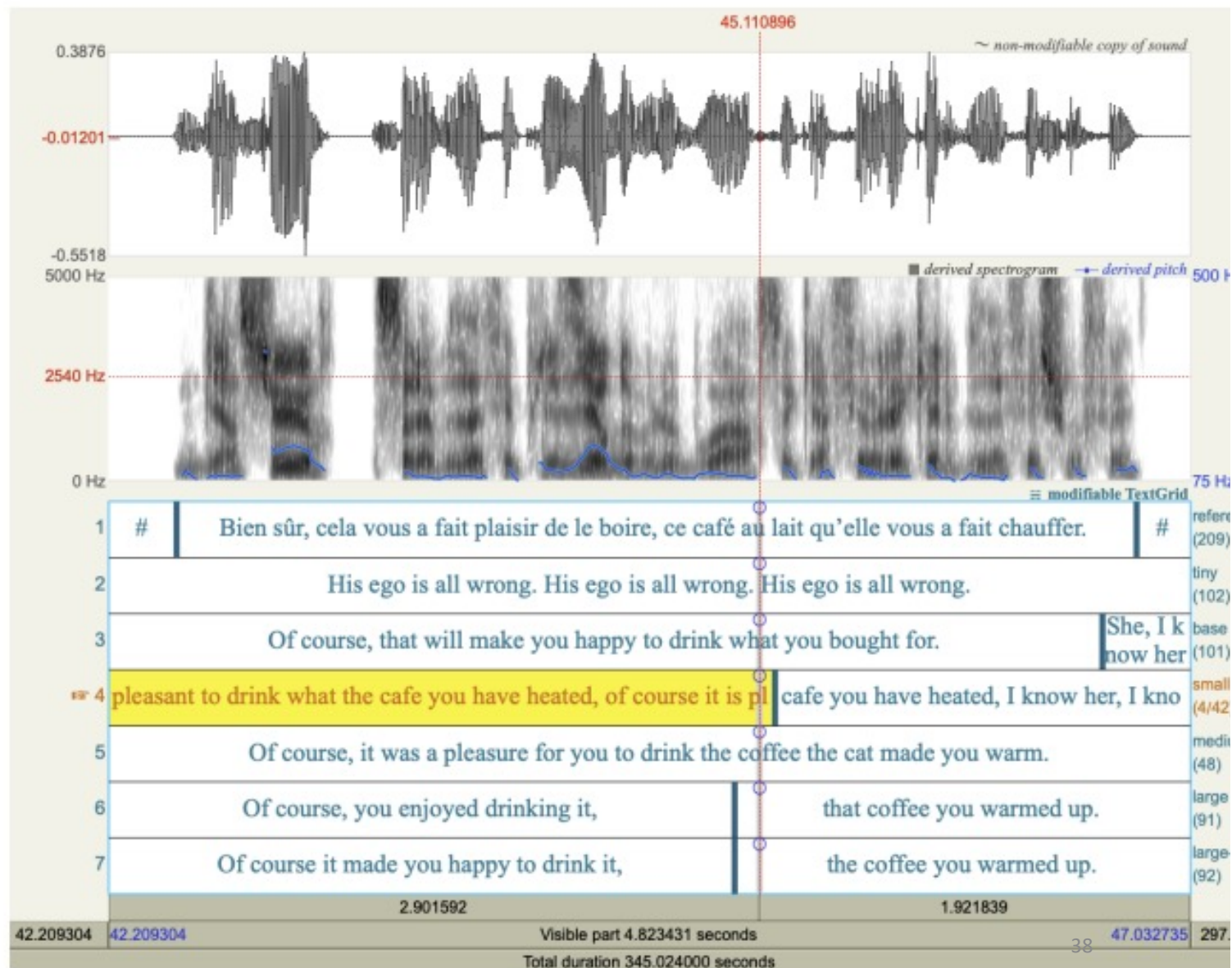
TONALITY (tiny.en model)

```
00:00:06.480] [_BEG_] Observing the steady fall of the barometer, Captain Mackworth thought, there's some dirty[_TT_324]
00:00:08.840] weather knocking about.[_TT_442]
00:00:11.280] This is precisely what he thought.[_TT_564]
00:00:15.200] He had had an experience of moderately dirty weather.[_TT_760]
00:00:20.320] The term "dirty" as applied to the weather implying only moderate discomfort to the[_TT_1016]
00:00:21.960] semen.[_TT_1098]
00:00:27.240] Had he been informed by an indisputable authority that the end of the world was to be[_TT_1362]
00:00:33.200] [_BEG_] finally accomplished by a catastrophic disturbance of the atmosphere, he would have assimilated[_TT_298]

00:00:39.920] the information under the simple idea of dirty weather and no other because he had no[_TT_634]
00:00:46.600] experience of cataclysm and believed does not necessarily imply comprehension.[_TT_968]
00:00:52.440] The wisdom of his country had pronounced by means of an act of parlement that before[_TT_1260]
00:00:58.680] [_BEG_] he could be considered as fit to take charge of a ship, he should be able to answer certain[_TT_312]
00:01:08.280] simple questions on the subject of circular storms such as hurricanes, cyclones, typhoons,[_TT_792]
00:01:13.920] and apparently he had answered them since he was now in command of the non-chan in the[_TT_1074]
00:01:17.680] China seas during the season of typhoons.[_TT_1262]
00:01:21.560] But if he had answered, he remembered nothing of it.[_TT_1456]
00:01:27.160] [_BEG_] He was, however, conscious of being made uncomfortable by the clammy heat.[_TT_280]
```

Qualitative Analysis: Transcription

- Variability of Whisper segmentation of time intervals across models
- Absence of pause (#)
- SRT files: not easy to use for subtitles
(overlap for base model)



Candidates for criterial features ?

- stress shift

A COMMON ROADMAP ?

Test suites (Janus WP 2.1)

- Holistic grading vs. Granular evaluation :
- The Speak&Improve and SpeechOcean datasets

Experiments on duration

- Duration ablation (30 seconds of speech) (Myssik 2011)

ANNOTATED datasets :

- The PARAAF corpus / dataset (UPCité)
<https://emmanuelferragne.com/project/paraaf/>

TO BE TESTED...

Start.boldvoice.com

- BOLDVOICE.COM

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Papers in the making

- VOT and Whisper model sensitivity

Probing the relevance threshold of Whisper predictions for the transcription task of Persian, French and English

- Phonology of semantic speech tokens

CONCLUSION : Q&A

Demo?

 Let's discuss!

Open access models, local analysis possible

Thanks for the invitation

Special thanks to Sylvain for organising this!!